CMUG assessments of preliminary marine ECVs



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CMUG Reports Update http://www.esa-cmug-cci.org/



- D1.2: User Requirement Document (v1.6) [17-12-2012] Updated to include SM and SI.
- **O** D2.1: Technical note on user requirements and specifications (contact CMUG for this) [26-09-2011]
- **0** D2.2: Technical note: CCI system requirements (v0.6) [10-05-2013]
- **0** D2.4: Technical note: Analysis of how the CCI datasets will meet climate modellers needs (v1.2) [06-10-2011]
- 0 D3.1_1A: Technical note on CMUG ECV Quality Assessment Report (v1.2) [30-08-2012]
- 0 D3.1_1B: Technical note on CMUG ECV Soil Moisture Assessment Report (v0.5) [29-01-2013]
- 0 D3.1_1C: Cross precursor assessment on Soil Moisture, Land Cover and Fire (v0.4) [10-05-2013]
- D3.3: Technical Note on the use of uncertainty in models and reanalysis (v0.7) [10-05-2013]
- 0 D3.5: Technical Note on the status of ECMWF Climate Monitoring Database facility (v1.1) [10-05-2013]



Availability of CCI datasets



ECV	version	date	comment	
Aerosol	1?	now (2008)	2 years: 2000 & 2008	
Cloud	1	-	v1 online in June	
Fire	Protoype			
GHG	CRDP 1	Мау	online: 2003 - 2012	
Glaciers	?		In Randolph Glacier Inventory	
Ice sheets	-	-	v1 at end 2013	
LC	CRDP 1	-	v1 in Aug on web site	
OC	0.3	March	-	
Ozone	CRDP 1	March	online: 1995 – 2011 Tot Col	
SI	-	-	v1 in 2014	
SSH	0.1	now	v1 in Aug 2013	
SST	0.1	now	v1 in Nov 2013	
SM Need to clarify y	0.1	now	v1 TBC	



Why does CMUG need to assess CCI datasets?

- Provide an <u>independent</u> view of the datasets and associated uncertainties
- Study <u>consistency</u> between ECVs
- Demonstrate applications for climate modelling to <u>accelerate</u> use by the climate/reanalysis communities



Options for assessing CDRs



Data used to assess CDRs	Advantages	Drawbacks
Climate Model (single, ensemble)	Spatially and temporally complete	Model has uncertainties Not all variables available
Re-analyses	Spatially and temporally complete	Analysis has uncertainties Not all variables available
Precursors	Comparing like with like	Some precursors may have large uncertainties
Independent satellite or in situ measurements	Different 'view' of atmosphere/surface	May have much larger uncertainty than CDR, need to include representativity errors
Related observations (surface and TOA fluxes, temperature, water vapour)	Assures consistency with other model variables	May not be spatially or temporally complete



CMUG assessments to date



Methodology used for assessment of ECVs	Assessment of precursors (see D3.1 report series)	Initial assessment of CCI CDRs to date
Climate Model (single, ensemble)	O ₃ , Land Cover, SM, SSH, Cloud, Fire	O ₃ , Land Cover, SM, SSH
Re-analyses	SST, O ₃	SST, O ₃ , SM, Aerosols
Precursor datasets		OC, SSH, SST, Landcover
Independent satellite or in situ measurements	SST, O ₃	SST, O ₃ , OC
Related observations (surface and TOA fluxes, temperature, water vapour)	Fire	SM
Assimilation	OC	OC

CMUG assessments of marine ECVs



Ocean Colour Test version





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Ocean Colour Data Assimilation



- Met Office
 Initial comparisons for 2003 using v0.3 OC data
 - Comparing OC-CCI and GlobColour products by assimilating chlorophyll into FOAM-HadOCC ocean model
 - Assess impact on the carbon cycle model
 - Will compare reanalyses for 1997–present

The carbon cycle model is HadOCC (Hadley Centre Ocean Carbon Cycle model)

- This model is used for operational short-range prediction as well as climate studies
- It is the biological component of the Met Office's HadGEM2-ES model and contributes to IPCC AR5





Observations – 1st Jan 2003 log₁₀(chlorophyll)



Better coverage GlobColour CCI

-2 -1.5 -1 -0.5 0 0.5 $\log_{10}(mg/m^3)$



July 2003 mean chlorophyll



CCI

GlobColour



0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1 mg/m³



July 2003 mean chlorophyll



Control

0.1

0

0.2

0.3

0.4



CCI assim



0.5

0.6

0.7

0.8

0.9

mg/m³

1



July 2003 mean chlorophyll



GlobColour assim

CCI assim



0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1 mg/m³







CCI

GlobColour



0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1 mg/m³



Global fCO₂ error (2003)

Met Office



	RMS error (µatm)	Correlation
Control	84.2	0.06
GlobColour assim	70.8 (-16%)	0.38
CCI assim	68.0 (-19%)	0.44



In situ fCO₂ observations from SOCAT

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Sea Surface Temperature Test version





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Data coverage ARC vs CCI



CCI AATSR



Assessment of SST v0.1



- CCI data received 2 weeks ago so only 6 months processed
- Applied same buoy matching as demonstrated with ARC
- Comparison of ARC and CCI data below





Use Buoy SSTs to validate uncertainties provided with ATSR record





Conclusions on assessment of SST CCI

- Different coverage between ARC and CCI
- 2ch bias in SST anomalously high for short segment of data tested
- 3ch bias slightly higher than ARC
- First look at uncertainties of CCI product suggests they are OK
- Will analyse over full time series both (A)ATSR and (A)ATSR + AVHRR

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Sea Surface Height Version ?





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The RCSM4 coupled regional model

ALADIN-Climat V5 Regional climate model (Colin et al., 2010) Horizontal resolution 50km, 31 vertical levels

Spectral nudging (toward ERA-Interim reanalysis)

NEMOMED8

Regional version of NEMO-V2

- with filtered free surface (Madec, 2008) Horizontal resolution $1/8^{\circ}x1/8^{\circ}cos(\Phi)$, 43
- vertical levels
- An Atlantic buffer zone (3D T-S and SSH toward COMBINE reanalysis)



TRIP

River routing model (Oki and Sud, 1998; Decharme et al., 2010) 0.5° resolution of the river network Seasonal cycle of mean sea level anomaly over the Mediterranean Sea over the period 1993-2010 (cm)



Time series of mean sea level anomalies averaged over the Mediterranean Sea for the period 1993-2010 (cm)



- Evaluation of coupled or uncoupled regional climate models with CCI SSH could demonstrate the added value of the new product (improved resolution, better accuracy, ...).
- Evaluation over the Mediterranean area is a good opportunity due to MedCORDEX international modelling exercise and the HyMEX field experiment starting this year.
- There is also the opportunity to evaluate consistency with other CCI products over the region (SST, aerosols, ...) taking advantage of the development of regional climate system models.







Any questions?

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